

# Coarse Grained Model for Slip Evolution in Heterogeneous Earthquake Fault Zone:

$$\eta \partial u(\mathbf{r}, t) / \partial t = F + \sigma_{\text{int}}(\mathbf{r}, t) - f_R[u, \mathbf{r}, \text{history}]$$

Slip velocity  $\sim$  stress + interaction + Pinning due to heterogeneities

Failure stress

Weakened failure stress

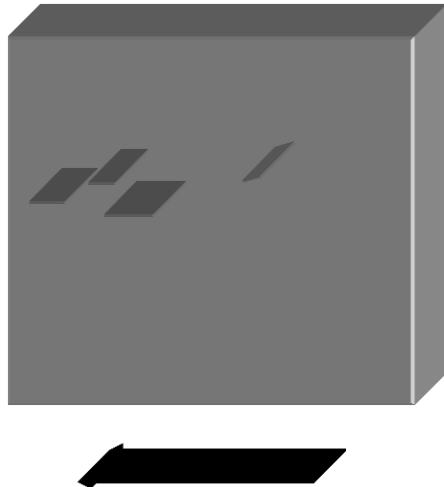
Arrest stress

$\epsilon$

interaction:

$$\sigma_{\text{int}}(\mathbf{r}, t) = \int_{-\infty}^t dt' \int d^d r' J(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{r}', t - t') \times [u(\mathbf{r}', t') - u(\mathbf{r}, t)]$$

Stress F



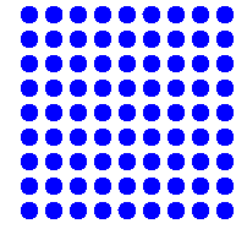
Renormalization Group:

Interaction sufficiently long range

→ MEAN FIELD THEORY GIVES EXACT RESULTS!

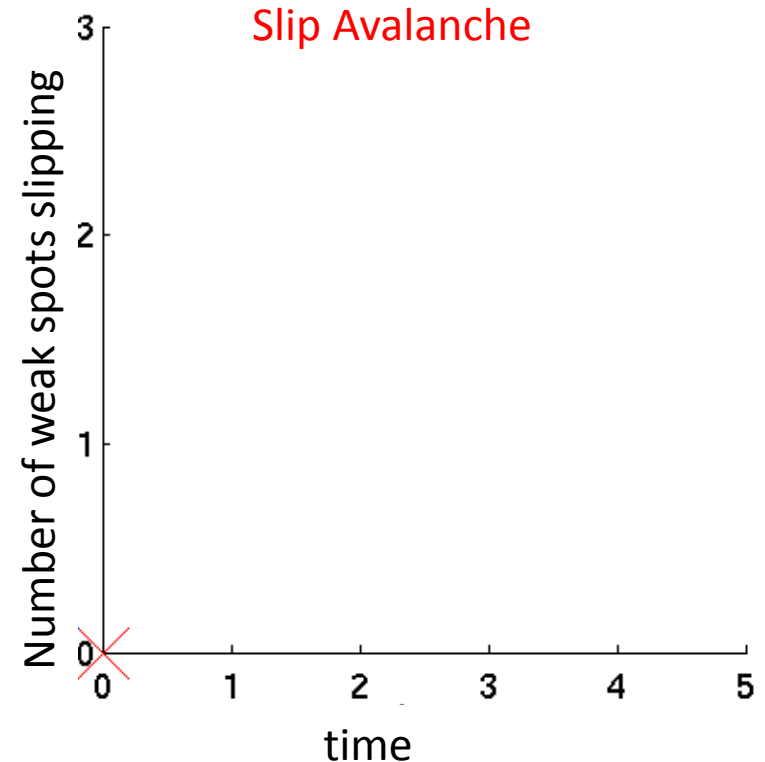
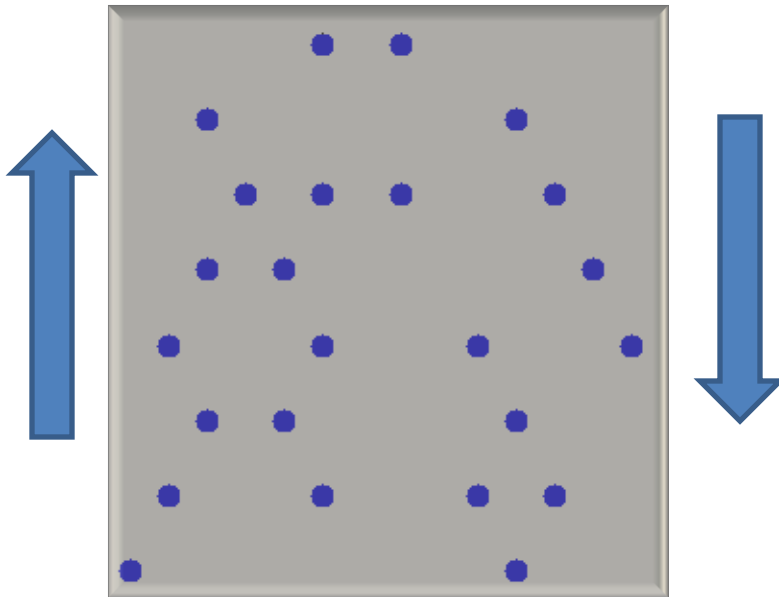
# Main Idea of the simple model:

Shear material:



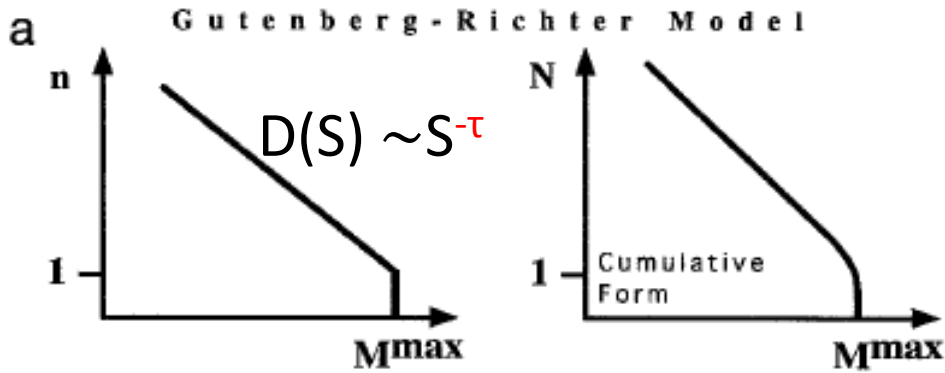
1. Weak spot slips  triggers other weak spots to slip  
Slip Avalanche

2. Repeat



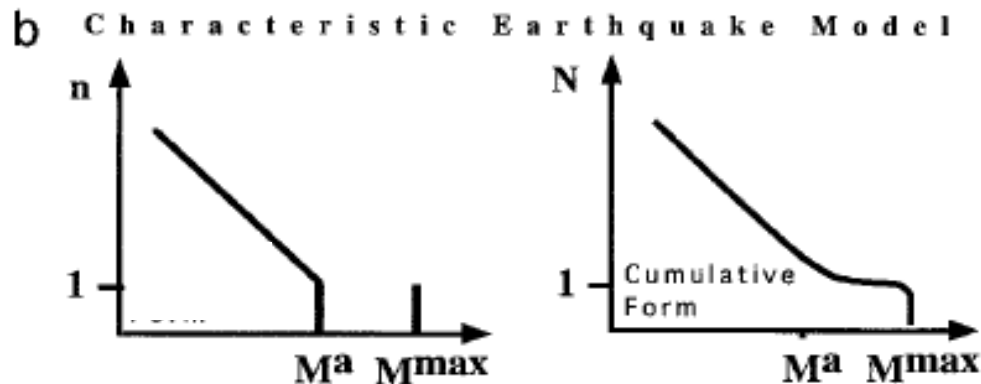
# Gutenberg Richter exponent:

$\tau = 1.5$  ( $b=0.7-1.1$ )



Magnitude  $\sim 2/3 \text{ Log}(\text{total displacement}) + \text{const}$

# Characteristic Earthquake distribution (stick slip)



Young Faults

aperiodic

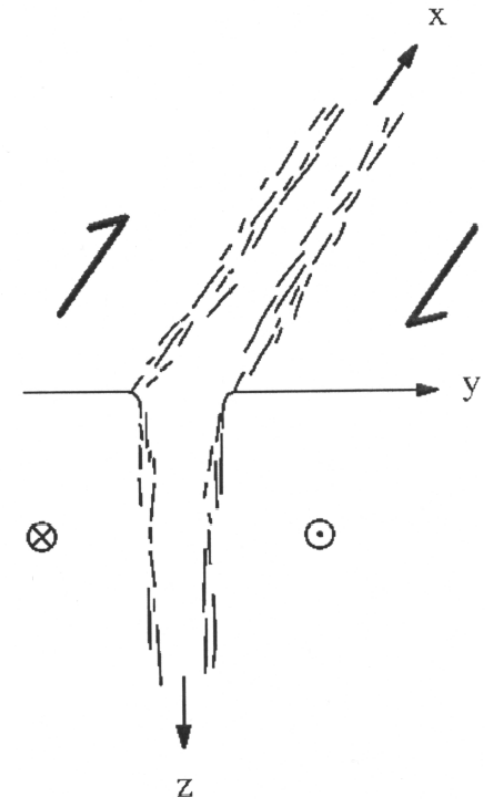
Modeled  
by  $\epsilon=0$

Or

Older Faults

Almost  
periodic

Modeled  
by  $\epsilon > 0$

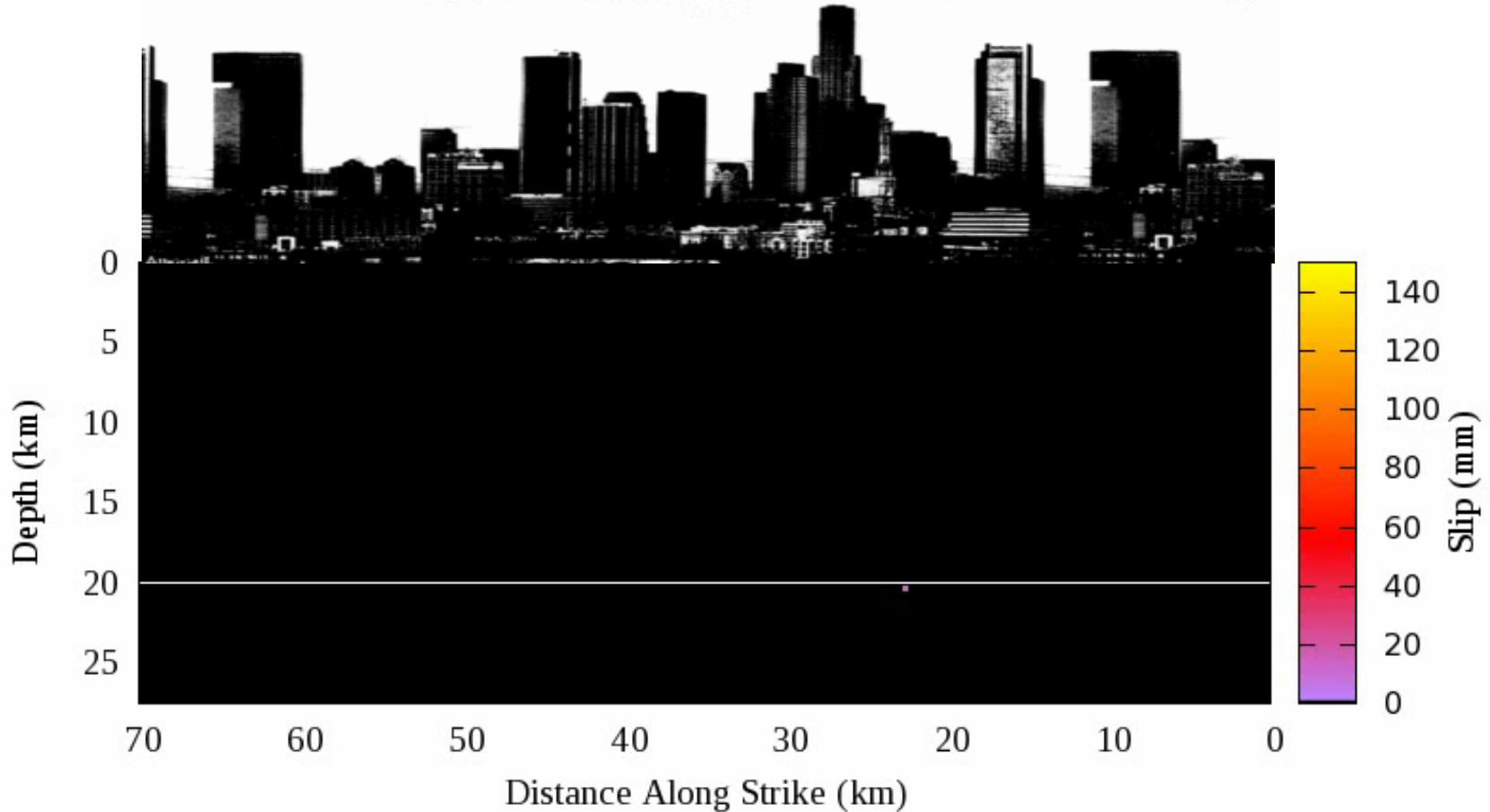


Braden Brinkman,  
Michael LeBlanc, J.T. Uhl,  
Y. Ben-Zion, KD, 2013,  
Fisher, KD, Ben-Zion,  
Ramathan 1996,  
Ben-Zion, Rice 1993

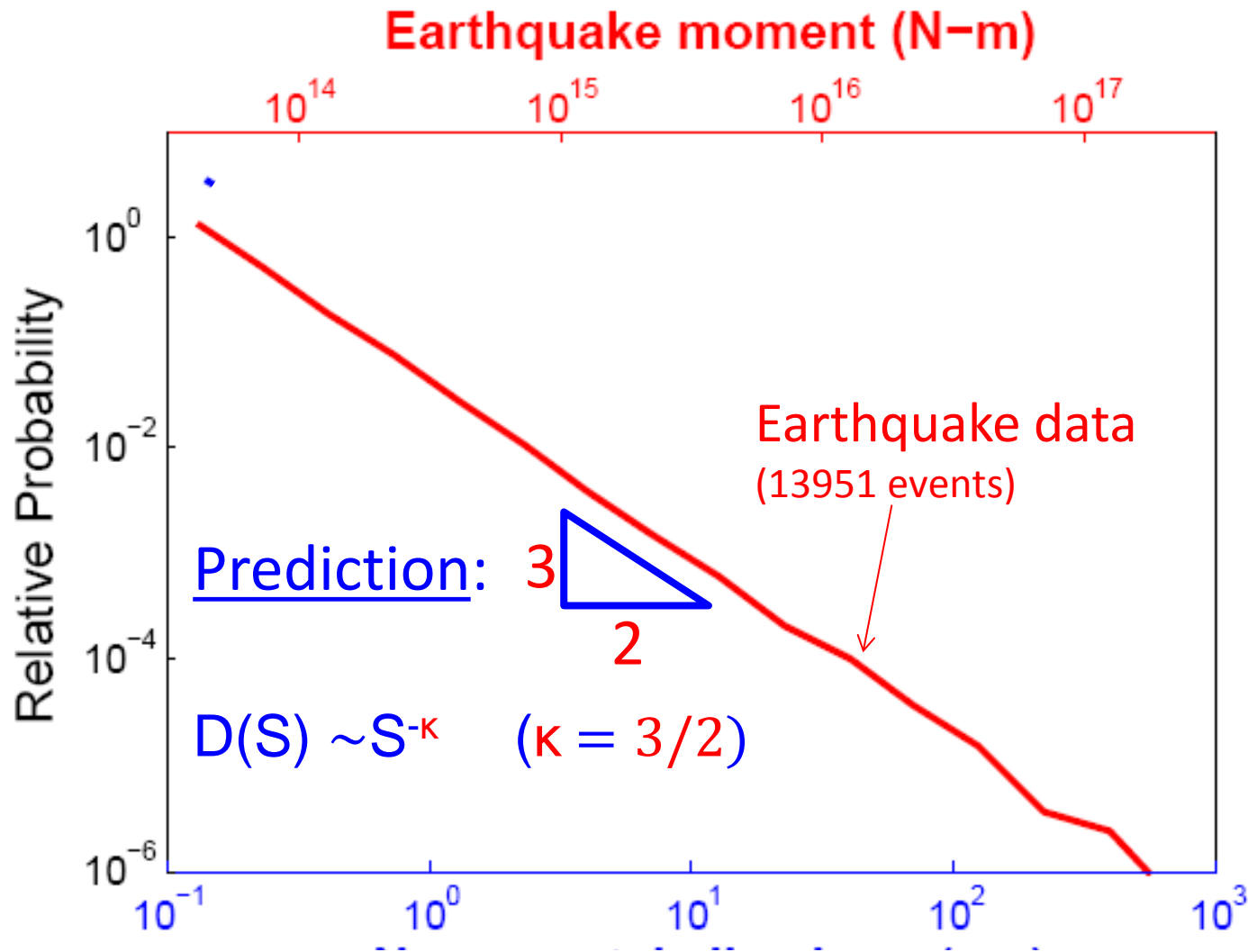
Similar to  
Carlson, Langer's statistics

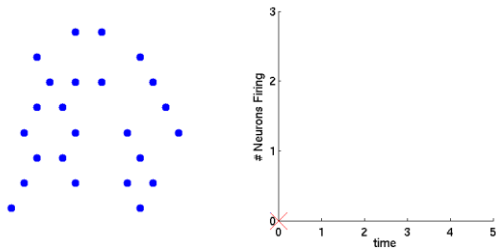
# Simple Mean field Model Predictions Agree with full 3d Earthquake Simulations

Fisher, KD, et al. PRL 1997; KD PRE 1998; Mehta, Ben-Zion, KD PRL 06; KD and Ben-Zion '08



# Model predicts scaling exponents of earthquake moment distribution



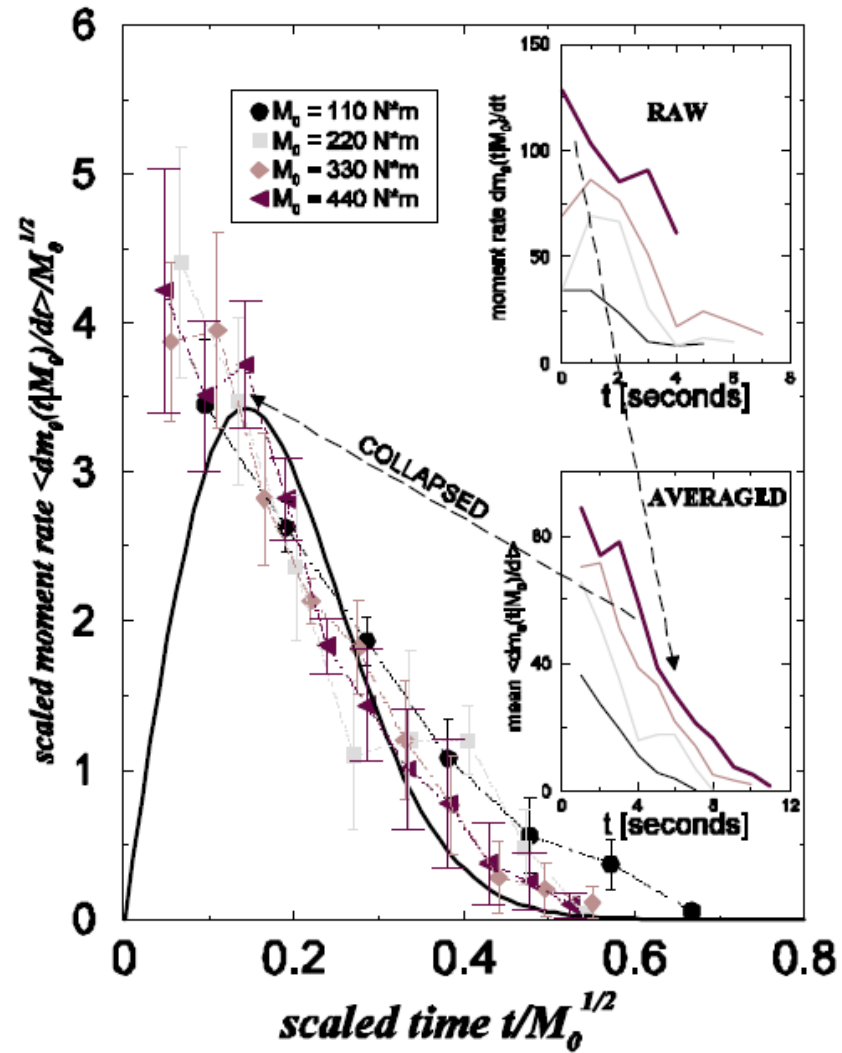
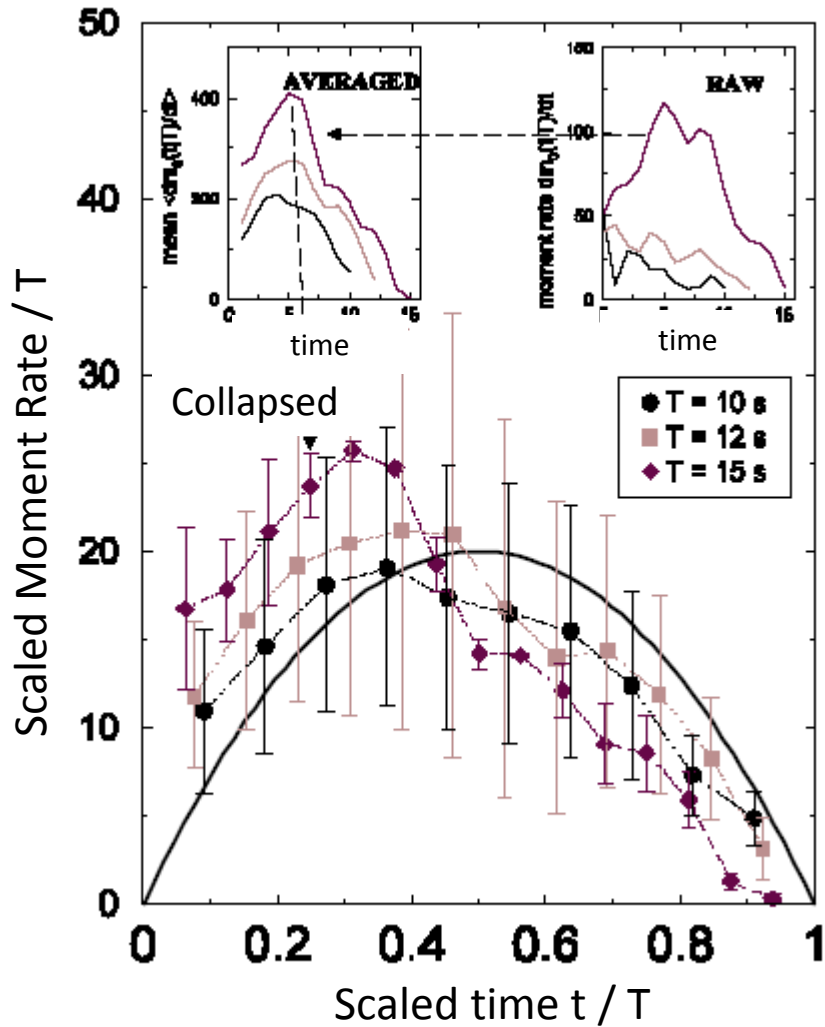


# Earthquakes: Universal

# Scaling Functions

Data from Susan Bilek, see

Mehta, KD, Ben-Zion, PRE 2005

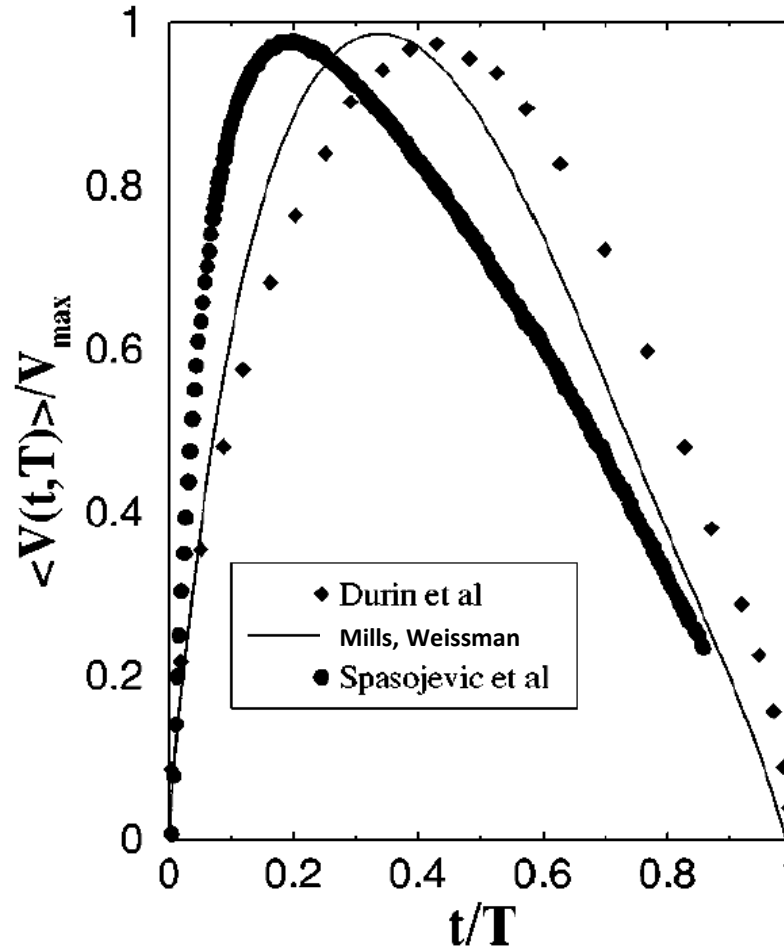
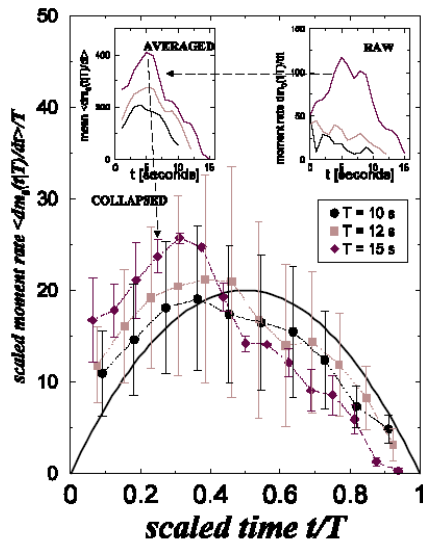


# EXPERIMENTAL SCALING FUNCTION (MAGNETS)

Sethna, Dahmen,  
Myers, Nature 2001

Mehta, Mills,  
Weissman, Dahmen  
PRE 2005, 2006

Like  
Earthquakes



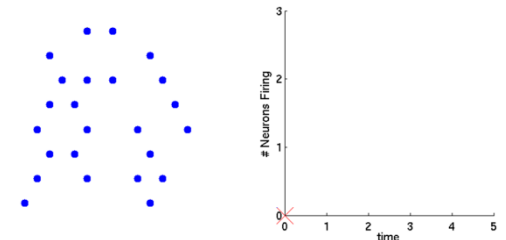
Asymmetric!?!

Eddy currents !

Zapperi, Durin et al.  
Nature Physics.  
1, 46-49 (2005);

Dahmen, Nature  
Physics 1, 13-14  
(2005)

Papanikolaou et al.  
Nature Physics  
(2011)



## Some Open Questions:

1. Check scaling predictions: large earthquakes scale differently from small ones
2. Extract moment rate shapes for SMALL earthquakes (need high resolution)
3. Spatial correlations
4. Moment versus Duration, slipping Area, Energy etc. – assumptions in inverse problem solution
5. Temporal correlations, etc.